

# STAFF REPORT

File No.: NP-6500-20-2023: Housing

Access and Affordability

Project

DATE OF MEETING: November 21, 2025

TO: North Pender Island Local Trust Committee

FROM: Brad Smith, Island Planner

Southern Team

COPY: Robert Kojima, Regional Planning Manager

SUBJECT: Housing Access and Affordability Project – Preliminary APC recommendations

# **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 1) That the North Pender Island Local Trust Committee directs staff to prepare a draft land use and Official Community Plan bylaw for the Housing Access and Affordability Project that considers land use policy and zoning provisions to:
  - a. Permit accessory worker housing in appropriate community service zones and commercial zones;,
  - Consider rezoning for seniors and affordable housing in all appropriate land use designations, with a mix of non-market and market rentals, and that the need for housing agreements be determined at the time of rezoning;
  - Permit up to three units of second-storey rental housing with a limited floor area as part of proposed buildings 5, 6 and 7 at the Driftwood Mall property, subject to proof of water and demonstration of septic capacity;
  - d. Enable flexible zoning to create the potential for additional housing units on lots zoned Rural Residential 2 and Rural:
  - e. Permit ADUs as an alternative to secondary suites in the Rural Residential 1 zone in consultation with the Capital Regional District;
  - f. Rezone the Anglican Church diocese property to allow for affordable housing as a permitted use;
  - g. Add policies that consider the potential development of a Tiny Home on Wheels or other small footprint manufactured home community;
  - h. Make any other amendments that are required to ensure affordable housing and other policy objectives and criteria align with proposed changes to zoning including any administrative or definition updates to ensure consistency.

- 2) That the North Pender Island Local Trust Committee directs staff to schedule a special Community Information Meeting for the Housing Access and Affordability project to be held between early February and mid-March, 2026, and to advertise the meeting in the Pender Post.
- 3) That the North Pender Island Local Trust Committee requests that the special Advisory Planning Commission on Housing report back with analysis, options and recommendations for potential further bylaw amendments based on suitable land analysis and built out analysis mapping, and to support the ongoing development and review of proposed amending bylaws.
- 4) That the North Pender Island Local Trust Committee appoints Ken Rempel to the Special Advisory Planning Commission on Housing for the remainder of the current term ending March 1, 2026.
- 5) That the North Pender Island Local Trust Committee continues with the special Advisory Planning Commission on Housing and directs staff to advertise for membership for a new one year term commencing March 1, 2026.

#### REPORT SUMMARY

This report is to provide an update to the North Pender Island Local Trust Committee (LTC) on the LTC's Housing Access and Affordability Project and to seek direction on next steps for drafting potential bylaw amendments.

The recommendations above are supported as:

- There are several recommendations of the APC and staff that will require bylaw amendments;
- Having draft bylaws prepared will allow for further additions, refinements and amendments based on further community, agency and LTC dialogue;
- A Community Information Meeting (CIM) in Feb-March will align well with the LTC regular meeting schedule and allow an opportunity to present mapping results and the draft bylaws; and,
- There is room on the APC for additional members and APC terms are only for one year. All current APC members are encouraged to apply.

### **BACKGROUND**

The LTC endorsed the Housing Action Plan at the May 30, 2025 Meeting. Since the October 3, 2025 meeting, the following has been accomplished:

- Suitable Land Analysis timelines impacted by BCGEU strike, plan to have draft maps by Jan 30 meeting
- Build-out analysis- timelines impacted by BCGEU strike, plan to have draft maps by Jan 30 meeting
- October 25 CIM cancelled due to BCGEU strike staff recommendation to reschedule for Feb-Mar 2026
- Island wide mail-out postponed due to BCGEU and Canada Post strikes will be updated with new CIM date when confirmed and sent to households
- Meeting held with Tsawout Housing Department Manager and APC Chair very informative and collaborative discussion – with limited capacity and existing needs on North Pender, it was agreed no further action needed in respect of housing project
- Follow-up letter to First Nations has been drafted with details of the endorsed <u>HAP</u>, will be sent shortly (was waiting to meet with Tsawout before sending letter)
- The APC has provided a final report with recommendations as requested by the LTC for potential policy and legislative amendment options for HAP Action #s 4-9, 12 and 18 (Attachment 1).

 Ken Rempel has requested to be added to the APC. As the current APC terms ends March 1 and there is still project work to be supported, staff recommend the LTC continue with the APC for another one-year term and direct staff to advertise for membership. All current APC members are encouraged to apply.

Additional project information, including previous staff reports, is available here: <a href="https://islandstrust.bc.ca/island-planning/north-pender/projects/">https://islandstrust.bc.ca/island-planning/north-pender/projects/</a>

An updated project status table is included at Attachment 2 with an update on each Plan Action.

# **Issues and Opportunities**

# **Proposed Bylaw Amendments**

Based on the significant work of the APC and other information sources including the community survey and three CIMs, staff provide the following recommendations for bylaw amendments related to the housing project. Staff are of the view that having a draft bylaw to work with will provide a good starting point for further bylaw development and community dialogue.

#	Action Item	Staff Recommendations	
7	Explore opportunities to permit worker accommodation	Draft amending bylaws to permit accessory worker housing in appropriate community service zones and commercial zones.  Reduce obstacles to affordable housing projects by amending OCP policies to allow consideration of seniors and affordable housing rezonings in all appropriate land use designations, that the requirement for a housing agreement to be determined at time of rezoning, and allowing a mix of non-market and market rental housing to reflect current funding models.	
4	Expand opportunities to create secondary suites and permit Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU).	Draft amending bylaws to enable flexible zoning to create the potential for additional housing units on lots zoned Rural Residential 2 and Rural.  Draft amending bylaws to consider allowing ADUs as an alternative to secondary suites in Magic Lake Estates, and further consult with CRD staff in respect of CRD water system requirements.	
5	Explore opportunities for zoning changes to permit higher density Multi-Unit Development	<ol> <li>Draft amending bylaws to:         <ol> <li>Rezone the Anglican Church diocese property to allow for multi-unit affordable housing as a permitted use</li> </ol> </li> <li>Permit three units of second-storey rental housing with a limited floor area as part of future building expansion at the Driftwood Mall property, subject to proof of water and septic capacity (letter and draft plans included as Attachment 3)</li> <li>Use Suitable Land Analysis and Build-out Analysis to identify additional potential properties where higher density zoning may be appropriate.</li> </ol>	

18	Review guidelines for	Staff request direction from the LTC with respect to issuance of TUPs for STVRs.		
	Short Term Vacation Rentals	Options:		
	Rentals	<ol> <li>Keep as is and retain ability to consider each request individually – could also pass a standing resolution to not consider approval of any new TUPs or renewals</li> <li>Remove TUP guidelines for STVRs altogether from OCP and restrict outright</li> <li>Amend TUP guidelines to make them more restrictive eg. limit number of total permits further</li> <li>Option 1 could be implemented at any time with the next LTC having discretion to</li> </ol>		
6	Explore legalizing the use	amend in the next term. Options 2 and 3 would require OCP amendments.  No changes recommended to current bylaws that do not permit RVs to be used as		
	of RVs	dwellings. Mark action as complete.		
		The APC further recommends that the LTC reconsider the current moratorium on enforcing the use of RVs as dwellings and to re-commence enforcement.		
8	Explore permitting the use of Tiny Homes as wheels as ADUs	Amend OCP to include policies that consider the potential development of a Tiny Home on Wheels (THoWs) or other small footprint manufactured home community.		
9	Explore permitting non- market housing in all residential land use zones and in some public land use zones	Has been considered through Actions 5 and 7. Mark action as complete.		
12	Explore options at time of subdivision to increase opportunities for affordable housing	No recommendations for bylaw amendments. Address as opportunities arise through site specific rezoning or subdivision applications. Mark action as complete.		

# **Project Timelines and Consultation**

In respect of timelines, staff will target bringing a first draft of amending bylaws to the LTC at the proposed January 30, meeting, followed by a CIM to present the draft bylaws and mapping results, and then potentially back to the LTC in late March for consideration of First Reading. Additional process steps would follow, including the completion of bylaw referrals and the holding a public hearing prior to consideration of third reading.

Following third reading, Islands Trust Executive Committee approval would be required and, in this case, as there are OCP amendments, Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing approval is also required prior to LTC adoption.

# **ALTERNATIVES**

The LTC may consider the following alternatives to the staff recommendation:

# 1. Give direction to exclude specific recommendations or include others

The LTC may give direction to exclude specific recommendations or include others. Recommended wording for the resolution is as follows:

That the North Pender Island Local Trust Committee directs staff to exclude/include\_\_\_\_\_ in a draft land use and Official Community Plan bylaw for the Housing Access and Affordability Project.

# 2. Request further information

The LTC may request further information prior to making a decision. Staff advise that the implications of this alternative are that commencing work on the project would be delayed. Recommended wording for the resolution is as follows:

That the North Pender Island Local Trust Committee request that...

#### 3. Receive for information

The LTC may receive the report for information.

#### **NEXT STEPS**

With direction from the LTC, staff will prepare draft bylaws, initiate APC advertisements, and confirm a date to schedule a CIM.

Submitted By:	Brad Smith, Island Planner	November 6, 2025
Concurrence:	Robert Kojima, Regional Planning Manager	November 12, 2025

- 1. APC Final Recommendations Report, November 2025
- 2. Housing Action Plan Status Table, November 2025
- 3. Driftwood Housing Units request letter and site plans

# NORTH PENDER ADVISORY PLANNING COMMITTEE

# Analysis, options and recommendations to the LTC for increasing Housing Options on North Pender Island

November 21, 2025

# **Background:**

The focus of the North Pender Island <u>Housing Access and Affordability Project</u> is to increase the diversity of housing on North Pender Island. Since Magic Lake Estates, which historically provided opportunity for smaller lots at a lower cost, is now almost built out, new options to create lower cost housing elsewhere on the Island are being explored. Options need to ensure that the unique natural environment and rural character of North Pender island remain protected and that any future developments are sustainable.

With increasing property costs, affordable housing is unattainable for many low-and middle-income residents of North Pender. Changes in the Official Community Plan "OCP" and Land Use Bylaws ("LUBs") have the potential to increase the opportunity for more rental, subsidized, and affordable smaller unit dwellings to be built. Part of the project is for the North Pender Local Trust Committee ("NP LTC") to engage the Community by liaising with a Special Advisory Committee ("APC") on housing. In response the APC has submitted two reports to the NP LTC in November 2024 and January 2025 and a Housing Action Plan in the summer of 2025.

Some of the content of these reports were incorporated into the <u>Housing</u>

<u>Action Plan</u>, consisting of 5 goals and 22 Actions.

The five goals of the Housing Action Plan:

# 1. Updating and using available data

Inform where additional density and intensity of land use will likely have the least negative impact on the land

# 2. Diversifying housing options through zoning

Provide a broader diversity of housing options on North Pender Island through amendments to land use zoning and associated OCP policies

# 3. Increasing opportunities for affordable non-profit housing Increase opportunities for land to be made available for affordable subsidized housing by a not-for-profit organization, and to generate greater community interest and capacity to support this development

# 4. Increasing community education and outreach

Increase community education and outreach in respect to housing initiatives, improve the information available to the public, and make it more accessible to a broader audience in order to raise awareness of existing challenges and options to address or otherwise ameliorate the current status.

5. Incorporating First Nations interests in land use decision making

Foster collaborative working relationships with local First Nations who
have an interest in housing initiatives on North Pender Island, and to
address housing needs of First Nations on the island.

The LTC has subsequently asked the APC to:

"report back with analysis, options and recommendations for Housing Action Plan Numbers 4-9, 12 and 18."

# These Actions items are:

- 4. Expand opportunities to create secondary suites and permit Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU).
- 5. Explore opportunities for zoning changes to permit higher density Multi-Unit Development in areas with which have a concentration of community amenities.

- 6. Explore legalizing the use of RVs in appropriate areas considering set-backs, parking, access, septic, available water, visual aesthetics, and fire safety.
- 7. Explore opportunities to permit worker accommodation (e.g. at community firehalls, Driftwood Center etc.).
- 8. Explore permitting the use of Tiny Homes as ADUs or establishing zones for higher density tiny homes (e.g. modular home villages) in appropriate areas considering, set-backs, parking, access, septic, available water, visual aesthetics and fire safety.
- 9. Explore permitting non-market housing in all residential land use zones and in some public land use zones, where appropriate (e.g. school properties, community service).
- 12.Explore options at time of subdivision to increase opportunities for affordable housing (e.g. land donation in exchange for rezoning to permit subdivision, allowing smaller lot sizes for affordable housing).
- 18. Review guidelines for Short Term Vacation Rentals (could include consideration of removal or amendment of Temporary Use Guidelines from OCP) and develop educational materials.

In developing recommendations regarding these Action Items, the APC has reviewed the Islands Trust Mandate, the existing and proposed new Trust Policy Statement. and the existing NP OCP and LUBs, in addition to the documents listed in the bibliography at the end of this report.

Any recommended changes in the NP OCP and/or LUBs related to housing should be in accordance with the Islands Trust's Object which is to preserve and protect this region for the benefit of residents of the Islands and of all British Columbians, and concordant with the Trust Policy Statement, which states that the Trusts mandate is to, "support the preservation and protection of unique island character and aim to foster sustainable, inclusive, rural and resilient island communities".

North Pender's existing OCP recognizes these overarching principals in its broad Community Goals with the statement, "... land use decision-making should be based on the precautionary principle that when an activity raises threats of harm to the natural environment or human health, precautionary measures should be taken even if some cause and effect relationships are not fully established scientifically." (NP OCP – Part 1: 1.1)

The need for the possible expansion of the housing stock on Pender Island has also been informed by the Housing Survey which identified as priorities worker housing, seniors housing, and affordable housing.

The recommendations in this report are preliminary and await completion and study of the Suitable Land and Build Out Analyses, which are vital tools to identify possible locations for zoning, LUB, or OCP changes, to allow additional housing units.

It is also important to note when considering expanding density to accommodate more housing units, that Pender Island already has the highest per capita density of any of the Southern Gulf Islands. Based on the 2021 census, the number of residents per square kilometer on Salt Spring Island is 63, on Mayne Island is 62, on Galiano is 23, on Saturna is 15 and on North Pender Island is 90.5. <sup>1</sup>

Related to housing issues the goals listed in the NP OCP includes:

"To encourage a more compact, complete and connected community, in a manner that ensures that overall development potential and density are not increased unless authorized elsewhere in the plan."

With respect to Residential Land Uses the present OCP lists the following objectives:

- 1) To encourage a housing pattern that is appropriate to the rural character of the Island.
- 2) To provide for a range of housing options that serve the needs of all residents and property owners of North Pender Island.
- 3) To plan for a land use pattern which ensures the sustainable use of natural resources and minimizes greenhouse gas emissions.
- 4) To promote use of indigenous vegetation for plantings in residential lot use.
- 5) To protect the island's visual and ecological amenities.
- 6) To preserve and enhance the scenic quality along roadways.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The density is based on the area of North Pender set out in the North Pender OCP and the population obtained from the 2021 census.

In keeping with these objectives, the OCP states the following Residential Policies

2.1.D Except where specifically authorized elsewhere in this plan, consideration may not be given to applications to rezone land within the Rural Residential and Rural designations to a higher density without amendment to this plan.

2.1.E No consideration may be given to applications to rezone land within the Rural Residential and Rural designations that would result in the transfer of density without amendment to this plan.

However, the OCP offers considerable flexibility with respect to these policies as it relates to seniors and affordable housing:

2.1.F Subject to policies in Subsection 2.3 of this plan (Seniors and Affordable Housing policies) consideration may be given to applications to rezone land within the Rural Residential and Rural designations to a higher density where the additional density takes the form of seniors and affordable housing.

A proposed modification of this statement that the APC is recommending is the addition of workers' housing. In our report we note additional changes in the OCP that would be required if some of the APC's recommendations were adopted.

With respect to the potential rezoning of RR and R land, the different subclasses of RR zoning on Pender need to be considered. RR1 refers to the Magic Lake Estates where density has been maximized (to the extent that formation of Magic Lake Estates was a major driver of the formation of the Islands Trust.) Thus, any change in the OCP or zoning which could increase density on North Pender should be limited to RR2 and R. **Potential exceptions could be considered for larger lots within RR1.** 

Any proposed rezoning decisions need to consider the potential for increasing Wildfire Risk. Pender Island is a forested, rural area and as such the effects of adding residential units into the forested areas must be considered. Consideration for access for emergency vehicles, water supply for fire suppression, and safe setbacks from other structures and combustible materials should be a priority.

All of the recommendations which follow assume that sufficient resources will be put in place to ensure adequate enforcement so that any additional housing units approved under these new criteria are used for their intended purposes.

The recommendations of the APC with respect to the action items that were proposed for review are contained in the attached Table 1.

ANALYSIS, OPTIONS AND SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING ACTION ITEMS 4-9, 12 + 18):

4. Expand opportunities to create secondary suites and permit Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU).

# **ANALYSIS AND OPTIONS**

# Flexible Housing Zoning

Flexible Housing Zoning allows for additional dwelling units on a lot provided that the combined floor area of all dwellings does not exceed specified limits.

Mayne Island has developed a <u>Flexible Housing Zoning proposal</u>. The number of permitted dwellings and cottages on flexible housing zoned lots are limited by lot's size and combined total floor area.

The location of lots appropriate for Flexible Zoning would be:

- close to amenities (preferred but not required)
- where additional density is unlikely to increase the vulnerability of groundwater resources or involve archeological sites or Development Permit Areas.

Bylaws for Flexible housing zoning would need to incorporate appropriate set-backs, parking, access, septic, visual aesthetics and fire safety for the ADUs. The development of a map indicating which lots fall within the Flexible Housing Zones is dependent on study of the Suitable Land and Build Out Analyses for North Pender Island (in preparation).

In addition, the revised zoning on Mayne includes requirement for a cistern for freshwater catchment and storage with a minimum cistern capacity of 13,640 litres per unit for each secondary suite, cottage, or additional dwelling.

# Possible zoning changes could be:

- Lots 0.4 hectares (1.0 acre) to 0.6 hectares (1.5 acres): one secondary suite and one additional dwelling with a maximum combined floor area: 232 m<sup>2</sup> (2,500 ft<sup>2</sup>)
- Lots 0.6 to 1.2 hectares (1.5 to 3 acres): one secondary suite, and two
  additional dwellings with a maximum combined floor area: 325 m² (3,500 ft²)
- Lots 1.2 to 5 hectares (3 to 12.35 acres): one secondary suite, and three additional dwellings with a maximum combined floor area: 418 m² (4500 ft²)

As mentioned above flexible zoning could be limited to RR2 and R zoned lots and preference would be for lots closer to amenities to encourage active transport and limit environmental impact. Large RR1 lots in Magic Lake Estates could be considered as exceptions although the capacity of the Magic Lake Water and Sewage system would have to considered.

One factor that will need to be considered in this regard is the Agricultural Land Reserve. Many of the lots close to the Driftwood Centre, which might qualify for Flexible Housing Zoning, are in the ALR. The APC does not support removal of land from the ALR.

Adopting flexible housing zoning would require modification of the existing LUBs and OCP for North Pender.

# **Ideas for Broader Flexible Housing:**

In addition to consideration of allowing ADUs in Flexible Zoned areas the APC suggests considering broader flexibility. This would include the possible development of duplexes, triplexes or fourplexes. Such units have a lesser cost and environmental impact because of shared infrastructure such as wells, septic and solar. They would appeal to multigeneration families and allow elders to age in place. In addition, renting of one or more of the units would represent a revenue source for the owner making the cost of construction less daunting.

As for zoning for additional ADUs, the development of such units could be governed by a sliding scale. For example, a duplex allowed on lots 0.4 hectares (1.0 acre) to 0.6 hectares (1.5 acres), a triplex on lots 0.6 to 1.2 hectares (1.5 to 3 acres) and a fourplex on 1.2 to 5 hectares (3 to 12.35 acres). As with the addition of ADUs, multiplex units would be constrained by presently permitted, or potential reduced, total square foot requirement.

A concern about flexible housing zoning would be that the additional ADUs would be used for short term rentals. This could be prevented by requiring a housing agreement, even for ADUs permitted on individual lots.

The locations for introduction of flexible housing zoning will be informed by the Suitable Land and Build Out Analyses and should be considered in the context of the Islands Trust mandate to preserve and protect the natural environment and rural character of the island.

While the provincial legislation related to enabling small-scale multi-unit housing (SSMUH) does not pertain to properties on North Pender (lands in a local trust area under the Islands Trust Act are specifically exempted), the guidance issued by the Province, as well as the associated work already undertaken by a variety of municipalities as part of implementing the new requirements, could provide a suitable source of policy language/ideas/approaches related to the introduction of expanded opportunities to create secondary suites and permit Accessory Dwelling Units - noting the need to appropriately customize some of the elements to better align with the local context.

According to the Province, Small Scale Multi-Unit Housing includes secondary suites, detached accessory dwelling units and du/tri-plexes (amongst other forms) and is meant to provide options that are ground-oriented and compatible in scale and form to the surrounding area. "Ground oriented" means that the units can be entered from ground level, unlike some apartment buildings.

The APC recognizes that this is not a simple, straight forward linkage to the community needs of North Pender Island (and is not advocating to have the legislation amended to include the Islands Trust) but notes that there are sufficient comparable elements that would help to facilitate further analysis of the flexible zoning concept and how it might be part of the solution in the future, while still respecting the existing natural and rural character of the island.

# **RECOMMENDATION**

The APC recommends that the NP LTC consider adopting Flexible Housing Zoning as has been done on Mayne Island, and the broader flexible options such as multiplexes. The intention of such Flexible Housing Zoning is to support the creation of smaller, more affordable housing units to meet the

housing needs of the community. Flexible housing zoning has the potential to increase options for smaller unit housing and non-market housing to be built in ways that balance housing needs with preserving and protecting the environment on North Pender Island. Flexible housing zoning would allow for the creation of additional housing units to accommodate family members, caregivers, workers and low-income families and seniors. These units would predominantly be rental units as the recommendation does not contemplate the subdivision of these properties. A housing agreement to ensure that the ADUs are not used for short term rentals should be considered.

5. Explore opportunities for zoning changes to permit higher density Multi-Unit Development in areas with a concentration of community amenities

Analysis: At present there is only one such cluster of dwellings on Pender Island, Plum Tree Court (<a href="https://www.penderhousing.ca/">https://www.penderhousing.ca/</a>). Plum Tree Court is a low-density, non-market housing complex, owned and operated by the Pender Islands Housing Society (PIHS). Land for the complex was originally donated. The complex includes six 550 square foot units. Although PIHS has Zoning approval to double the number of units on the present site there is no funding in place for expansion and the subsidized rental agreement for existing tenants is under threat. When the current funding agreement with BC Housing expires PIHS will have to charge market rental rates.

PIHS is looking for additional sites for subsidized multiunit housing in order to better serve a business case for a housing provider.

# **Options:**

- Rezoning Anglican Church Property: The Anglican Church on Pender has already
  explored the possibility of allowing non-market housing on their property. Their
  land is zoned Community Service (CS) and is large enough to situate multiple
  small units or a lager multiunit dwelling and the site is in fairly close proximity to
  amenities at Driftwood.
  - The Anglican Church and the Diocese are open to having the whole, or part of their property\_re-zoned to allow multi-unit subsidized dwellings. The LTC could rezone the property and facilitate discussions between the PIHS and the Church. Of course, re-zoning does not make such a development happen but makes it possible for PIHS and/or another agency to explore the possibility of situating such a development there. To ensure that such rezoning would meet the

- goals of this project any expansion should be subject to a housing agreement which ensures affordable (subsidized) housing.
- 2. Proactively re-zone properties (preferably close to amenities) that are presently zoned RR2 or R for multiple dwellings as has been done on Mayne Island. There are presently a number of properties within fairly close proximity to amenities that are for sale. Proactively re-zoning these properties as suitable for multiple dwellings might attract community groups or individuals to purchase and develop them as such. This option is subject to the same issue that some of them are ALR. A housing agreement would be needed to ensure units are affordable. Any decision on this issue needs to be informed by the Suitable Land and Build Out analyses. The OCP map would have to indicate this designation.

# RECOMMENDATION

- The APC recommends that the NP LTC go ahead with rezoning all or part of the Anglican Church property and further consider the wider rezoning of appropriate lots for multiple unit dwellings. Any such rezoning should include the stipulation that the new dwellings are affordable subsidized housing and that a housing agreement would be required.
- This recommendation would not require any modification of the present NP OCP since it is provided for, as mentioned above, although it would require altering the OCP designation map.
- 6. Explore legalizing the use of RVs in appropriate areas considering set-backs, parking, access, septic, available water, visual aesthetics, and fire safety.

# **Analysis:**

At present the <u>NP LUBs</u> state that a recreational vehicle (ADU) may only be used as a temporary residence during the construction of a permitted dwelling on the same lot. The RV or ADU can be "......placed and occupied as a temporary dwelling prior to the construction of a principal building or structure on the same lot provided that a building permit has been issued for the principal building or structure and the water supply and sewage disposal facilities for the principal building or structure have been installed."

A "recreational vehicle" is defined as a tent trailer, travel trailer, motor home or other self-propelled vehicle containing sleeping, cooking and sanitary facilities. The bylaw does not include a mobile home or manufactured home. RVs are not approved for primary dwellings by the CRD and there are no standards or inspections for such units serving as ADUs.

The bylaw makes no mention of fire safety. Fire safety is of particular concern for RVs as summarized by the Pender Island Fire Chief:

"Recreational Vehicles were not designed or constructed for full time residential occupancy. The were specifically designed for short term recreational use. They are constructed form light weight construction materials meant for easy transportation. The ventilation, heating, electrical and plumbing systems are intended for short term use and much less robust than their residential construction type counter parts. The use of recreational vehicles for full time residential occupancy strains all of their operational systems to their maximum therefore placing them at the top end of Fire and Life Safety risk to the occupants and to the surrounding community.

The materials that RV's are constructed of are more volatile than regular residential construction material. They ignite more easily, spread more quickly, burn more intensely and give off more deadly gasses. Ultimately this combination of factors results in a higher incidence of fires and a higher fatality rate than exists in regular residential construction types.

Although recreational vehicles are initially built to a safety standard, designed for their intended recreational use, they are seldom maintained to that standard. Because the systems were intended for short term use, they often are augmented and modified using additional space heaters, refrigeration units, and other devices. All of which further increases the Fire and Life Safety hazards.

Despite the existing NP bylaw RVs are increasingly being used as primary dwellings on North Pender and the LTC has stated that the bylaw will not be enforced except in response to complaints. This leaves those dwelling in RVs in a permanent state of uncertainty. Most of the RVs are placed on lots that already have a dwelling, although some are the sole dwelling on the property. It

is likely that most of the RVs are not plumbed for drinking water or sewage disposal although there is no way of determining this since there is no process for approval or inspection.

A similar situation on other Gulf Islands has resulted in altered bylaws. Saturna Island permits RVs to be used as primary dwellings.

While Mayne Island bylaws presently allow RV's as primary residences the recommendation is to allow RVs as dwellings by issuing Temporary Use Permits provided that there is sewage and water. These TUPs would be time limited to six years. It is unclear whether the TUPs will only be issued if a RV was being used while a permanent home was being built.

# **Options, pros and cons:**

- 1. Do nothing. The LTC could leave the bylaw as is (maybe alter it to include fire safety inspection) and leave the moratorium on enforcement in place. The rationale would be that the other zoning changes could enable affordable housing and that those in RVs would take advantage of these more permanent, legal options and the use of RVs would decrease. A downside of this course of action is that the number of people living in unsafe conditions in RVs would likely increase before it decreases. Maintaining the status quo has the potential for bad outcomes. An RV on Pender recently burnt down, fortunately without injury to anyone.
- 2. Institute TUPs for RVs, accompanied by mandated inspections. This is similar to what Mayne has done. The advantage is that the inspections would increase safety. However, the CRD is presently not prepared to adopt standards or inspect RV's. Who would do the inspections and to what standards? In addition, TUPs are time limited to a maximum of six years or "until" a situation is normalized. What would be that normalization in this case? If it is the construction of a permanent CRD-permitted home, then this reverts to the present bylaw which has a 4-year window.
- 3. Re-examine the present moratorium on enforcement of the bylaw prohibiting use of RVs and permanent residences.

This is a difficult issue. The present moratorium may be contributing to increased occupancy of RVs as permanent residences. The moratorium

empowers landlords to provide a venue for substandard living without having to meet fire, safety or building code regulations.

However, enforcement raises the question of what happens to individuals who would be forced out of the recreational vehicles in which they are currently living full-time. Since there are at present no fall-back options they would become un-housed.

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

- Make changes to the wording of the existing bylaw re the use of RV's during home construction to include a mandatory inspection for Fire Safety.
- 2. RVs should not be allowed as primary residences or ADUs until proper standards, inspection and enforcement are in place.
- 3. Reexamine the present moratorium on enforcement of the existing RV Bylaw. Does maintaining the moratorium promote the expansion of unsafe housing?
- 7. Explore opportunities to permit worker accommodation (e.g at community firehalls, Driftwood Center etc.).

# **Analysis:**

Lack of affordable accommodation for permanent and temporary workers represents an important problem on North Pender island. This could be addressed by allowing Public Service and commercial entities to build worker accommodation on their property. For example, ADUs could be built at Browning, Driftwood, Poet's and Woods. Other potential locations could be The Fire stations, the Health Centre, the Community Hall and the School. In addition to rezoning to allow for worker ADUs on existing commercial and other sites the LTC could consider measures to increase worker housing on future commercial sites.

Critical to this re-zoning would be the development of a housing agreement that would legally bind the commercial entity to use the housing for Pender workers at their facilities. Such ADUs would be subject all of the other zoning regulations for ADUs on RR2 and R lots.

A pro of such rezoning would be to develop much needed on-site housing for critical workers on whom the smooth functioning of the Island Community depends. By limiting the occupancy of such units to workers at the specific location of the rezoning reduces the environmental impact of the increased density (i.e. the workers would not travel to work and the dwellings would be serviced by water and septic already in place).

A con would be if the housing agreement was not honored and the ADUs were used as market housing thus increasing density without benefit to workers. This would breach the Housing Agreement and could be remedied by enforcement.

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

The APC recommends that the LTC develop zoning, Bylaws and modifications of the OCP to enable such worker housing and in parallel establish a template for a Housing Agreement to accommodate these changes. As in all cases such zoning would be subject to the Suitability and Build Out Analyses.

8. Explore permitting the use of Small Footprint Homes (as ADUs or establishing higher density home zones (e.g. modular home villages) in appropriate areas considering, set-backs, parking, access, septic, available water, visual aesthetics and fire safety.

# Analysis, Pros and Cons:

- One possible development to alleviate the present lack of affordable housing might be clustered, small unit housing; higher density "villages" of small footprint homes (sometimes termed Tiny Homes). Advantages include: the cost per unit of such dwellings would be lower; the infrastructure (water, sewage and fire protection) could be shared among units and the environmental impact per unit would be lower than a traditional detached single-family dwelling.
- We have used "small footprint homes" throughout this report to clearly differentiate dwellings primarily designed for permanent residence from those designed to be moved. The terminology is confusing, especially the term "tiny home on wheels" which does not necessarily imply a unit designed for, and meeting standards for, permanent residence.
- Small footprint homes promote more efficient land use and help reduce rural sprawl. Environmentally, smaller homes require fewer resources to build and maintain, reducing material and utility costs.

- Clusters of small footprint homes [close to amenities] encourage a simpler, more community-focused lifestyle.
- Such a concept does not include a trailer park but refers to small units that are constructed to the BC Building Code, or CSA standards for manufactured homes, or equivalent.
- Such developments could be for market housing or for subsidized affordable housing. For subsidized affordable housing developments, a Housing Agreement, similar to that for a multiunit affordable housing development would be implemented.
- Units could be on wheels for transport but once in situ would need to be anchored to the ground, connected to a source of potable water, and connected to an approved sewage and wastewater system.
- Zoning could stipulate that the total floor area of units does not exceed the maximal dwelling floor area for that zone, or could stipulate that the total floor area is less than the maximal dwelling floor area for that zone.
- The location of such zoning would preferably be near amenities and subject to the results of the Suitable Land Analysis with respect to water, environmental impact, etc.
- Such a change would require new bylaws and modifications to the present NP
  OCP. Wording for such a change in the OCP is being considered by other Trust
  Councils and represents a template for such additions on North Pender Island.
  Possible wording for such changes is attached.
- A disadvantage of such a change would be an increase in density (people per square kilometer). As mentioned above North Pender already has, by far, the highest population density of the Southern Gulf Islands.
- A major concern is that at the present time the CRD has not approved or adopted building standards for the construction or inspection of most small footprint homes.

# **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- 1. Small footprint manufactured homes with an area of 250 square feet or more which meet CSA standards (Z240MH or A277) or BC building code requirements should be approved as ADU's.
- 2. Do not approve Small Footprint homes on wheels, which do not meet CSA or building code standards, for use as ADU's or in clustered villages.

- 3. Consider stipulating height restrictions for small footprint homes.
- 9. Explore permitting non-market housing in all residential land use zones and in some public land use zones, where appropriate (e.g. school properties, community service).

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

- 1. Much of this action item has been addressed in the response to action items 5 and 7 above. Such changes are heavily dependent on the results and study of the Suitable Land and Build out analyses.
- 12.Explore options at time of subdivision to increase opportunities for affordable housing (e.g. land donation in exchange for rezoning to permit subdivision, allowing smaller lot sizes for affordable housing).

# **Options:**

- 1. Do nothing
- 2. Deal with applications on a case by case basis ensuring that common law and regulatory requirements are met.

Analysis: Recommendation 12 suggests exploring options, at the time of subdivision, to increase opportunities for affordable housing and notes the possibility of land donation "in exchange for" rezoning to permit subdivision or allowing smaller lot sizes for affordable housing. While there may be elements of this concept worth exploring further, the APC notes the need to be careful as to how such approaches are constructed in order to meet the provincial legislation, and associated regulatory requirements, that govern land use decision making as well as the common law traditions that relate to such practices. As such, the focus of future work in this regard would need to carefully consider the creation and use of voluntary agreements / developer agreements in order to ensure that a clear legal framework is put in place to govern such arrangements - agreements that would almost necessarily be structured on a case by case basis.

As the Union of BC Municipalities states in its Fact Sheet #25 (Land Use Regulation):

The process of responding to an application for a rezoning frequently involves negotiation regarding the nature of the development that the owner intends to build. If the council or board believes that it is in a strong bargaining position it might anticipate that the owner will be willing to voluntarily offer to include design features or contribute amenities to the community that are not legally required if that might help ensure a "yes" vote on the rezoning application. Great care must be taken in the wording of these discussions with developers. There is no provision in the legislation for "selling zoning," and common law tradition forbids the practice. If the provision of voluntary amenities is a consideration in rezoning separate legal contractual arrangements may be required to ensure that they are provided.

To enter into such agreements, the LTC would need to consider the creation and use of voluntary developer agreements in order to ensure that clear legal framework is in place. As this would need to be done with the assistance of counsel on a case by case basis no action at this time is required.

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

Do not increase population density on N Pender for any further subdivision for market housing

18. Review guidelines for Short Term Vacation Rentals (could include consideration of removal or amendment of Temporary Use Guidelines from OCP) and develop educational materials.

**PROS** 

Provides housing for tourists creating a viable industry on N Pender.

**CONS** 

Takes away from long term market rental accommodation for middle income families, seniors and workers.

# **OPTIONs:**

 Keep as is and retain ability to consider each request individually could also pass a standing resolution to not approve STVRs for now

- b. Remove TUP guidelines for STVRs altogether from OCP and restrict outright
- c. Amend TUP guidelines to make them more restrictive e.g. limit number of total permits further

# RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Prohibit any new STVR's and let lapse any current SUPs.
- 2. Do not Opt into Bill 35 in 2025 but allow existing TUPs for such STVRs to lapse after their 3-year extensions and not be extended beyond that. This provides owners of such STVRs time to adjust to the change.
- 3. Study what happens on Gabriola and Salt Spring, which have adopted the Provincial statute. A comprehensive report back from staff on the impacts on these islands would inform a decision on the next anniversary for inclusion.

# Bibliography of Documents and Links referred to in the creation of this report:

- North Pender Zoning Map
- North Pender OCP
- North Pender Land Use Bylaws
- Draft of New Trust Policy Statement
- ➤ NP-LTC\_Housing Needs Survey Data Rollup\_Nov 2024.xlsx
- North Pender Island Housing Action Plan
- ➤ Island Trust Housing Strategic Action Plan (<a href="https://islandstrust.bc.ca/document/trust-council-housing-strategic-action-plan/">https://islandstrust.bc.ca/document/trust-council-housing-strategic-action-plan/</a>)
- ➤ Island Trust Housing Affordability Plan
  (<a href="https://islandstrust.bc.ca/programs/housing-affordability/">https://islandstrust.bc.ca/programs/housing-affordability/</a>)
- ➤ ISLANDS TRUST HOUSING OPTIONS TOOLKIT

  (<a href="https://islandstrust.bc.ca/document/housing-options-toolkit-tools-1-10/">https://islandstrust.bc.ca/document/housing-options-toolkit-tools-1-10/</a>
- ➤ Southern Gulf Islands Housing Needs Assessment (2018)
- Mayne island housing action plan (draft may 2024)
- Mayne Island Housing Review Flex housing Expansion-Staff Report

- Mayne island -Housing Options Identifying properties for additional density-Staff Report
- Mayne island -Housing Related Bylaw Amendment Options-Staff Report
- Mayne island-Draft Suitable Land Analysis
- RVs An Alternative Housing Option. BC RV Housing Alliance
- Gabriola Housing Advisory Planning Commission Report
- Denman Island Housing Advisory Planning Commission Final Report (November 3, 2023)
- > Denman Island Housing Action Implementation Plan
- A Guide to the Denman Island Housing Advisory Planning Commission's Final Report
- Positively Forward: Pathways to Affordable Housing on Salt Spring Island
- SMALL FOOTPRINT HOMES:
  - Island Trust Steering Committee and Technical Panels to Explore Tiny Home Enablement in the Islands Trust Area
  - Tiny Homes on Wheels "Sandbox" Conceptual Proposal
  - Tiny Homes In British Columbia: Everything You Need To Know
  - <a href="https://www.smartmod.ca/homes-for-sale">https://www.smartmod.ca/homes-for-sale</a>
  - <a href="https://cottagelife.com/realestate/canadas-best-builders-for-tiny-prefab-homes/">https://cottagelife.com/realestate/canadas-best-builders-for-tiny-prefab-homes/</a>
  - sustain.ca
  - murchtechcorp.com
  - nomadmicrohomes.com
  - https://www.rewildhomes.com/about

Table 1. Preliminary Recommendations of the APC ordered by Priority Action

#	ACTION ITEM	OPTIONS	RECOMMENDATIONS	RATIONALE
7	Explore opportunities to permit worker accommodation	1. Do nothing 2. Amend the OCP to allow worker housing as well as seniors and affordable housing with a housing agreement in community service zones and commercial zones	That the LTC develop Bylaw zoning and OPC modifications to enable worker housing in both commercial and community service sites such as the Fire hall, Driftwood, and the School. Critical to this rezoning would be the development of a housing agreement that would ensure that these housing units would be used for workers.	Lack of affordable accommodation for permanent and temporary workers on NP has been identified as a critical housing issue. Such rezoning and modification of the OCP to include worker housing as well as senior and affordable housing, as an exception to the density requirement, would help address this shortage. Such ADUs would be subject to all of the other zoning regulations for ADUs on RR2 and R lots with the exception of square foot restrictions.

#	ACTION ITEM	OPTIONS	RECOMMENDATIONS	RATIONALE
4	Expand opportunities to create secondary suites and permit Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU).	1. Do nothing 2. Adopt Flexible zoning as contemplated by Mayne Island. 3. Add multiplexes as alternatives to the creation of ADUs. For example a duplex on 0.4 to 1.2 hectare lots, and a triplex on 1.2 to 5 hectare lots.	That the LTC consider adopting flexible zoning to create additional housing units on RR2 and R lots and modify the OCP to accommodate these changes. RR1 lots with a lot size of 0.4 hectares or larger could be considered on a case by case basis.  Possible flexible zoning could be:  • Lots 0.4 hectares (1.0 acre) to 0.6 hectares (1.5 acres): one secondary suite and one additional dwelling with a maximum combined floor area: 232 m² (2,500 ft²)  • Lots 0.6 to 1.2 hectares (1.5 to 3 acres): two dwellings, one secondary suite, and one cottage with a maximum combined floor area: 325 m² (3,500 ft²)  • Lots 1.2 to 5 hectares (3 to 12.35 acres): three dwellings and one cottage with a maximum combined floor area: 436 m² (4,500 ft²) The APC also recommends exploring the option of adding multiplexes as an alternative to ADUs.	Flexible housing zoning would allow for the creation of smaller unit housing and non-market housing to be built in a manner that would balance preserving and protecting the environment with the creation of additional housing units which could be used to house family members, caregivers workers, low income families and seniors. These ADUs could be rental units as the recommendation does not contemplate subdivision of these properties. Minimum square footage for ADUs would be 250 square feet. Minimum lot size for flexible zoning would be 0.4 hectares (one acre) to balance preserving the rural character of the island with the creation of more affordable housing. The APC does not consider it consistent with these recommendations to allow ADU's on RR1 lots in Magic Lake, smaller than one acre, as an alternative to secondary suites.

#	ACTION ITEM	OPTIONS	RECOMMENDATIONS	RATIONALE
5	Explore opportunities for zoning changes to permit higher density Multi-Unit Development	<ol> <li>Do nothing.</li> <li>Rezone Anglican Church lands for higher density multi unit affordable housing</li> <li>Rezone further additional lots for low income multiunit affordable housing.</li> </ol>	Rezoning the Anglican Church lands to allow multi unit affordable housing. The number of units would be dependant on the usual process for determining capacity. The APC further recommends the determination of whether or not other lots are suitable for multiunit affordable housing after the Suitable Land and Build Out Analyses are complete.	Zoning for not for profit affordable housing is already contemplated by the NP Bylaws and the OCP. Currently funding for further expansion of the existing facility Plumtree Court is not available. The Pender Island Housing Society ("PIRS") is prepared to consider other suitable sites for the possible development of low income housing. The Anglican Church and the Diocese are open to having their property rezoned to accommodate additional multiunit low income housing. Other suitable lots for multi-unit low income housing could be identified when the Suitable Land and Build Out Analyses are completed. The rezoning of such properties would not guarantee the development of low income housing but would facilitate it if and when funds for such developments becomes available.

#	ACTION ITEM	OPTIONS	RECOMMENDATIONS	RATIONALE
18	Review guidelines for Short Term Vacation Rentals	1. Do nothing 2. Keep as is and consider each application individually 3. Enact a standing resolution suspending applications for now 4. Remove TUP guidelines for STVR's from the OCP and restrict outright 5. Amend TUP guidelines to make them more restrictive e.g. placing lower limits on the number of permits 6. Allow existing Temporary Use Permits ("TUPs") for Short Term Vacations Rentals ("STVRs") to lapse and issue no new TUPs for STVRs. 7. Opt in to Bill 35 by which the Province regulates STVRs.	Allow existing Temporary Use Permits ("TUPs") for Short Term Vacations Rentals ("STVRs") to lapse at the end of their six year term (assuming renewal raises no issues) and issue no new TUPs for STVRs. The APC further recommends that the NP LTC not opt in to Bill 35 at this time."	Allowing existing TUPs for STVRs to lapse while not issuing further TUPs for STVRs would allow more housing for long term rentals. It would also be fair to those who have gone through the process of applying and met the criteria of the current OCP for STVRs. It is unclear whether Bill 35 will provide improved enforcement of STVRs over the current regime. As Gabriola and Salt Spring Islands have opted into Bill 35 waiting to see how the Bill works there, before considering adoption after the current STVR's lapse, seems prudent.
6	Explore legalizing the use of RVs	<ol> <li>Do nothing</li> <li>Modify the existing bylaws to allow RVs as ADUs</li> <li>Allow RVs as primary residences</li> <li>Issue TUPs for Recreational Vehicles ("RVs")</li> </ol>	No change in the existing bylaws which allow the temporary use of RVs during home construction. RVs should not be permitted to be used as ADUs or primary residences unless standards and inspection regimes are in place to ensure that they are safe for year round occupancy.  The APC further recommends that the	RVs are not approved for primary dwellings by the CRD and there is no standards or inspections for such units as ADUs.  The bylaw makes no mention of fire safety. Fire safety is of particular concern as summarized by the Pender Island Fire Chief:  "Recreational Vehicles were not designed or constructed for full time residential occupancy. They were specifically designed for short term recreational use.

#	ACTION ITEM	OPTIONS	RECOMMENDATIONS	RATIONALE
			LTC reconsider the current moratorium on enforcing the use of RVs outside of the currently permitted use. At present the non compliant RV's are generally providing substandard unsafe accommodation to the benefit the landlords. Enforcing the bylaw would ensure the safety of the occupants.	They are constructed form light weight construction materials meant for easy transportation. The ventilation, heating, electrical and plumbing systems are intended for short term use and much less robust than their residential construction type counter parts. The use of recreational vehicles for full time residential occupancy strains all of their operational systems to their maximum therefore placing them at the top end of Fire and Life Safety risk to the occupants and to the surrounding community".
8	Explore permitting the use of Tiny Homes as wheels as ADUs	1. Do nothing 2. Modify the existing bylaws and OCP to allow Small Footprint Homes (i.e. Tiny Homes on Wheels) as ADUs	Small foot print homes on wheels (tiny homes on wheels) of 250 square feet or larger, built to CAS standards Z240MH or A277 or equivalent installed on a permanent foundation compliant with the BCBC should be approved. Small footprint homes on foundations built to the BCBC should also be approved. This does not apply to any small footprint homes of wheels which do not meet the CSA standards. The necessary OCP and bylaw changes to enable the use of CSA compliant small footprint homes on wheels use as ADU's should be enacted.	Manufactured or modular small footprint homes on wheels (tiny homes on wheels) if designed to meet CSA standards Z204MH or A277 of 250 square feet or larger are suitable for full time occupancy if installed on a foundation compliant with the BCBC.

#	ACTION ITEM	OPTIONS	RECOMMENDATIONS	RATIONALE
9	Explore permitting non-market housing in all residential land use zones and in some public land use zones	Do nothing     Wait until the Suitable     Land Analysis and Build Out     Study are done before     proceeding on this action     item.	The APC does not recommend any action on this item. As the need for such changes to current zoning to create affordable housing are adequately covered by action items 5 and 7.	The need for such changes to current zoning to create affordable housing are adequately covered by action items 5 and 7.
12	Explore options at time of subdivision to increase opportunities for affordable housing	<ol> <li>Do nothing</li> <li>Deal with applications         on a case by case basis         ensuring that common law         and regulatory         requirements are met.</li> </ol>	The APC does not recommend exploring this option.	The APC does not consider it consistent with the preserve and protect mandate of the Islands Trust to approve any subdivision which would increase density. In addition any such application would face significant legal hurdles.

# North Pender Island Housing Action Plan Implementation Tracking Table – October 2025

#	Action	Timeline - Adjusted	Status/Comments			
Goa	oal 1: Updating and Using Available Data to Inform Housing Projects					
1	Finalize Suitable Land Analysis and make results publicly accessible	Completion – Summer/Fall 2025 Roll-out – Fall/Winter 2025	BCGEU strike disrupted workflow, targeting January 30 meeting for preliminary mapping			
2	Complete island-wide build-out analysis	Completion – Summer/Fall 2025 Roll-out – Fall/Winter 2025	BCGEU strike disrupted workflow, targeting January 30 meeting for preliminary mapping			
3	Present results of 1 and 2 at a Community Information Meeting (CIM)	Fall/Winter 2025	BCGEU strike disrupted Oct 25 CIM, staff seeking direction for CIM in Feb/March 2026			
Goa	l 2: Diversifying Housing Options through Zoning					
4	Expand opportunities to create secondary suites and permit Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU)	Community engagement – Remainder of 2025 Legislative process – Winter-	Recommendations provided in staff report			
5	Explore opportunities for zoning changes to permit higher density Multi- Unit Development in areas with a concentration of community amenities	Summer 2026 Implementation – Fall 2026	<ul> <li>Recommendations provided in staff report</li> <li>Identification of additional potential parcels to be supported by Suitable Land and Build Out Analyses</li> </ul>			
6	Explore legalizing the use of RVs in appropriate areas considering set- backs, parking, access, septic, available water, visual aesthetics, and fire safety.	No further action recommended	No actions recommended. Mark as Complete			
7	Explore opportunities to permit worker accommodation (e.g at community firehalls, Driftwood Center.)		Recommendations provided in staff report			
8	Explore permitting the use of Tiny Homes as ADUs or establishing higher density tiny home zones (e.g. modular home villages) in appropriate areas considering set-backs, parking, access, septic, available water, visual aesthetics, fire safety		Recommendations provided in staff report			
9	Explore permitting rezoning for non-market housing in all residential land use designations and also in some public land use designations (e.g. school properties, community service)	No further action recommended	No actions recommended. Mark as Complete			
Goa	3: Increasing Opportunities for Non-Profit Housing					
10	Identify areas that may be appropriate for higher density community housing and explore rezoning	Fall/Winter 2025	<ul> <li>Dependent on completion of Suitable Land Analysis</li> <li>Any bylaw amendments would follow same timelines as Goal 2.</li> </ul>			

11	Explore rezoning of a portion of Anglican Church lands to permit affordable	Fall/Winter 2025	Recommendations provided in staff report
	housing.		
12	Explore options at time of subdivision to increase opportunities for	Community engagement –	No actions recommended. Mark as Complete
	affordable housing (e.g. land donation in exchange rezoning to permit	Remainder of 2025	
	subdivision, allowing smaller lot sizes for affordable housing)	Legislative process – Winter -	
		Summer 2026	
		Implementation – Fall 2026	
13	Engage in advocacy and collaboration with other levels of government on	Winter 2025	Staff to invite CRD to fall APC meeting to
	island-based affordable housing initiatives including potential expansion of		discuss various program initiatives
	Plum Tree Court.		
14	Engage with community members to increase participation in community	Ongoing	Work ongoing, APC Chair seeking new
	housing initiatives and non-profit community housing organizations.		members for PIHS board, will be further
			supported by mail out (Action 16)
Goa	l 4: Increasing Community Education and Outreach		
15	Increase awareness of secondary suite incentives and other housing	Winter 2025	Will include links in future communications
	programs (e.g. templates of house plans pre-approved by the province).		
16	Initiate island wide mail out describing project goals and objectives and	Spring/Summer 2025	Delayed due to strike. Will be sent with
	opportunities to become involved in housing initiatives		updated CIM date when determined.
17	Develop educational materials to inform the public of changes to zoning	Development – Summer 2026	Dependent on completion of bylaw
	and results of project deliverables	Roll-out - Fall 2026	amendments
18	Review Short Term Vacation Rental guidelines (could include consideration	Roll-out of Educational Materials	Requires input from the LTC
	of removal or amendment of Temporary Use Guidelines from OCP) and	– Fall 2026	
	develop educational materials.		
19	Collaborate with the Capital Regional District (CRD) and other levels of	Ongoing	Staff to invite CRD to APC meeting in fall
	government on harmonization of compatible housing projects and		
	programs.		
Goa	15: Incorporating First Nations Interests in Land Use Decision Making		
20	Send follow-up letter to initiate further collaborative engagement with	Winter 2025	Letter drafting underway
	local First Nations on housing needs and opportunities.		
21	Initiate direct collaborative engagement with Tsawout First Nation Housing	Planning staff met with Tsawout	Planning staff met with Tsawout Nov 6, no
	Department	Nov 6, no further actions required	further actions required – Mark as Complete
22	Ensure that known registered archeological site and archeological potential	Winter 2025 – Spring 2026	Will be further considered when site specific
	information is considered when developing housing related bylaw		options are explored
	amendments		

# Hardal Management Inc.

# 150 - 3751 Jacombs Road, Richmond, BC V6V 2R4

Tel: (604) 269-0030 Email: hardal@hardal.ca

27<sup>th</sup> February, 2025

Brad Smith
Planner
Islands Trust North Pender

Dear Brad

It has been a while since we spoke regarding the possibility of putting housing units above buildings 5, 6 and 7 under our Development Permit for Driftwood Centre.

I did speak to both North Pender Trustees, who did indicate they would be supportive of this plan, due to the housing shortage on Pender Island.

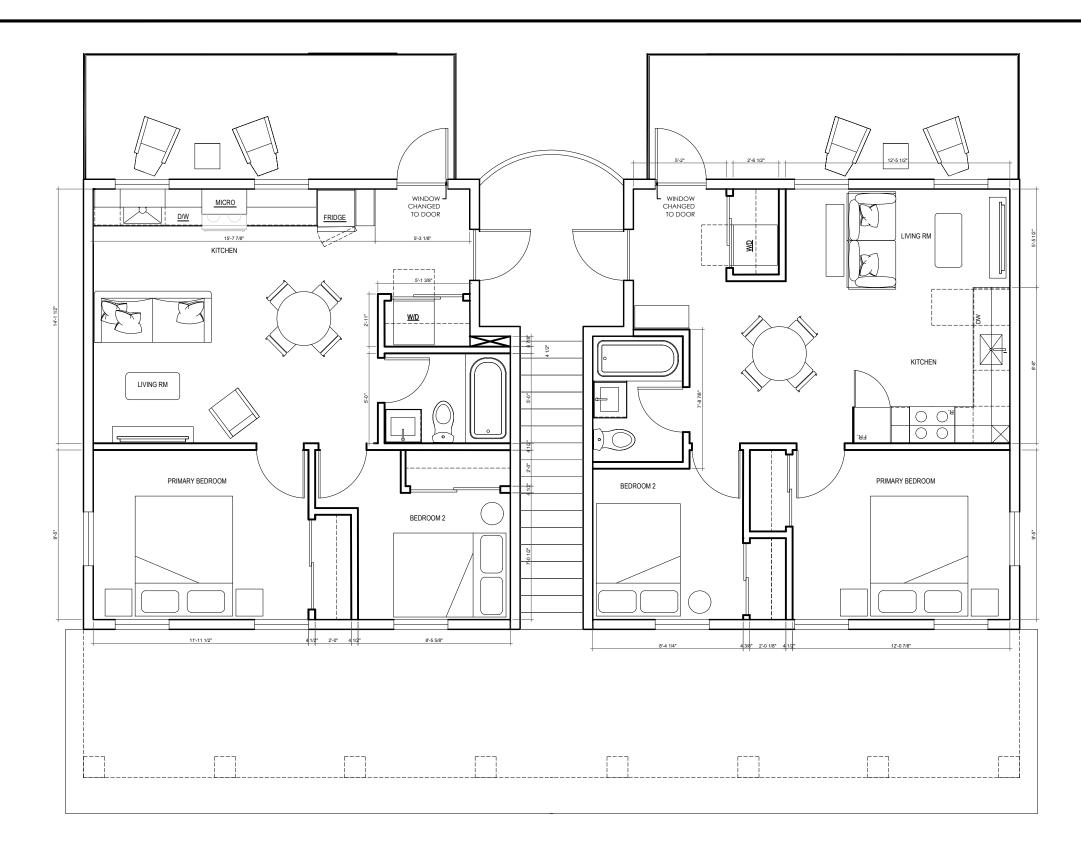
At this time, the owner, Davie Rae, would like to know what steps need to be taken to pursue this plan. Would it be a variance to the Development Permit, or a total rezoning application?

Could you advise what the next steps would be to proceed. I have copied Phil Testemale, as I believe he still looks after Driftwood Centre?

I look forward to hearing from you.

Dorothy Murdoch Property manager

driftwoodcentre@shaw.ca 250 516 3877



1 2 - BEDROOM LAYOUT PLANS SCALE:3/16" = 1'-0"

\* WINDOW SIZES AND LOCATIONS NEED TO BE CONFIRMED

- CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL SITE
   MEASUREMENTS PRIOR TO
   COMMENCEMENT OF WORK
- 2. MILLWORK PAINT COLOR, FINISH, STAIN TO BE SPECIFIED BY DESIGNER
- 3. ALL TRIM TO BE PAINT GRADE, COLOR TO BE SPECIFIED BY DESIGNER
- 4. CEILING AND WALL COLOR TO BE SPECIFIED BY DESIGNER
- 5. DRAWER PULL STYLES TO BE SPECIFIED BY DESIGNER
- 6. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE THAT ALL WORK IS DONE TO MEET CURRENT BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS

NOTE USE OF OTHER SPECIALTY HARDWARE AS PER PLAN

REVISIONS

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JOB TITLE

DAVIE RAE SECHELT, BC

DRAWING

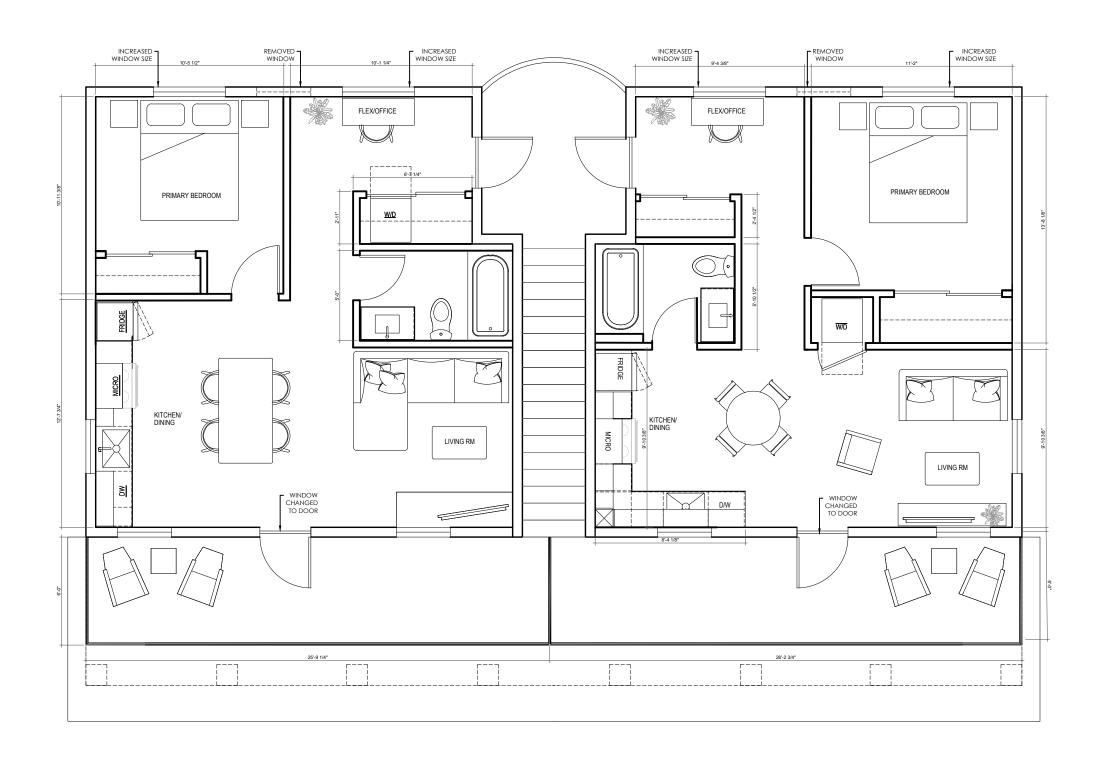
UPPER FLOOR RESIDENTIAL LAYOUT PLAN 2-BEDROOM OPTIONS

DRAWN	W. HOWARTH
CHECKED	
DATE	JANUARY 19, 2024
SCALE	3/16"=1'-0"

DRAWING NO.:

ID1.0

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1 1 - BEDROOM LAYOUT PLANS

| ID-2.0 | SCALE:3/16" = 1'-0"

\* WINDOW SIZES AND LOCATIONS NEED TO BE CONFIRMED

- 1. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL SITE MEASUREMENTS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK
- 2. MILLWORK PAINT COLOR, FINISH, STAIN TO BE SPECIFIED BY DESIGNER
- 3. ALL TRIM TO BE PAINT GRADE, COLOR TO BE SPECIFIED BY DESIGNER
- 4. CEILING AND WALL COLOR TO BE SPECIFIED BY DESIGNER
- 5. DRAWER PULL STYLES TO BE SPECIFIED BY DESIGNER
- 6. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE THAT ALL WORK IS DONE TO MEET CURRENT BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS

NOTE USE OF OTHER SPECIALTY HARDWARE AS PER PLAN

REVISIONS

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JOB TITLE

DAVIE RAE SECHELT, BC

DRAWING

UPPER FLOOR
RESIDENTIAL LAYOUT PLAN
1-BEDROOM OPTION 1

DRAWN	W.HOWARTH
CHECKED	
DATE	JANUARY 19, 2024
SCALE	3/16"=1'-0"

DRAWING NO.:

ID2.0

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